SAFETY DATA SHEET

225A108

Section 1. Identification

Product name	: Rust Stop Indoor/Outdoor Oil Based Enamel Gloss Almond
Product code	: 225A108
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of the	he substance or mixture and uses advised against
Not applicable.	
Manufacturer	 Manufactured for: ACE Hardware Corporation 2200 Kensington Court Oak Brook, IL 60523
Emergency telephone number of the company	: (800) 535-5053 1-352-323-3500
Product Information Telephone Number	: (800) 777-6797
Regulatory Information Telephone Number	: (216) 566-2902
Transportation Emergency Telephone Number	: (800) 535-5053 1-352-323-3500

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown oral toxicity: 58.2% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown inhalation toxicity: 58.2% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown inhalation toxicity: 58.2%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	: Flammable liquid and vapor. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
	Suspected of causing cancer.
	May cause respiratory irritation.
	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements	
General	: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.
	Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do not transfer contents to other containers for storage.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	≥10 - ≤25	64742-47-8
Titanium Dioxide	≥10 - ≤25	13463-67-7
Calcium Carbonate	<10	1317-65-3
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	≤8.1	64742-47-8
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	≤0.59	95-63-6
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	≤0.5	64742-95-6
Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	≤0.44	64742-88-7
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	≤0.3	22464-99-9
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	≤0.3	96-29-7
Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	≤0.19	64742-88-7
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	≤0.13	108-67-8
Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate	≤0.3	136-52-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessar	<u>y first aid measures</u>
Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effect	
Eye contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs/sympt	<u>ns</u>
Eye contact	No specific data.
Inhalation	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate med	lical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
personnel	Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from
-	entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources.
	No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide
	adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put
	on appropriate personal protective equipment.

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

For emergency responders	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and Large spill explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers. water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 200 mg/m ³ , (as total hydrocarbon
	vapor) 8 hours.
Titanium Dioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
Calcium Carbonate	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
	TWA: 10 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Total OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 200 mg/m ³ , (as total hydrocarbon
	vapor) 8 hours.
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 125 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	None.
Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Zincenium Q. Ethulhevenente	TWA: 400 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 8 hours.
	STEL: 10 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 15 minutes.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 10 hours.
	STEL: 10 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours.
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011). Skin
	sensitizer.
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 400 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 125 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	TWA: 0.02 mg/m ³ , (as Co) 8 hours.
	1 117 1. 0.02 mg/m , (40 00) 0 hours.

Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). Absorbed through skin. 8 hrs OEL: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours.
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	 CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). Absorbed through skin. 8 hrs OEL: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours.
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 8 hrs OEL: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017). TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours. STEV: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours.
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011). Skin sensitizer. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate	 CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours. Form: Inorganic CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017). TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). Skin sensitizer. TWAEV: 0.02 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 0.06 mg/m³, (measured as Co) 15 minutes. TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (measured as Co) 8 hours.

Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 200 mg/m ³ , (as total hydrocarbon
	vapor) 8 hours.
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 200 mg/m ³ , (as total hydrocarbon
	vapor) 8 hours.
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 8 hours.
	STEL: 10 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 15 minutes.
Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
-	TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment

will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual	protection	measures	

mulvidual protection me	
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturer. In the case of mixtures, capaciting of accord substances, the

	glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected

based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
 Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important

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aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance		
Physical state	: Liquid.	
Color	: Not available.	
Odor	: Not available.	
Odor threshold	: Not available.	
рН	: Not available.	
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.	
Boiling point/boiling range	: 148°C (298.4°F)	
Flash point	: Closed cup: 38°C (100.4°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup)]
Evaporation rate	: 0.2 (butyl acetate = 1)	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Lower: 1% Upper: 8.1%	
Vapor pressure	: 0.2 kPa (1.53 mm Hg) [at 20°C]	
Vapor density	: 4.8 [Air = 1]	
Relative density	: 1.19	
Solubility	: Not available.	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.	
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.	
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <0.205 cm ² /s (<20.5 cSt)	
Molecular weight	: Not applicable.	
Aerosol product		
Heat of combustion	: 13.869 kJ/g	

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 hours
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	LD50 Oral	Rat	930 mg/kg	-
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m ³	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.22 g/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation	
Titanium Dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300 Micrograms Intermittent	-	
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 microliters	-	
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 microliters	-	
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-	

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Titanium Dioxide	-	2B	-
Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate		2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name			Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Light Alipha	atic Hydrocarbon		Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Calcium Ca	arbonate		Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Heavy Alip	hatic Solvent		Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
1,2,4-Trim	ethylbenzene		Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract
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Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Category 3	Not applicable.	irritation Respiratory tract irritation and
Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation and
Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation and
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Heavy Aliphatic Solvent Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 2 Category 2 Category 2 Category 2 Category 1	Not determined Not determined Not determined	Not determined Not determined Not determined Not determined Not determined

Name	Result
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely	1	Not available.
routes of exposure		

Aspiration hazard

Potential acute health effect	t <u>s</u>
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	1	No specific data.
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate eff	ects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health ef	fects
Not available.	
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: Suspected of damaging fertility.
Numerical measures of to	<u>kicity</u>

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	Acute LC50 2200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	4 days
Titanium Dioxide	Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	Acute LC50 2200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	4 days
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 4910 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Elasmopus pectenicrus - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7720 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	Acute LC50 843000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 13000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Cancer magister - Zoea	48 hours
	Acute LC50 12520 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 400 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days

Persistence and degradability

Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 5/25/2018	Date of previous issue	: 3/29/2018	Version	:3	12/15
225A108	Rust Stop Indoor/Outd Almond	oor Oil Based E	namel Gloss		SHW-85-	NA-GHS-US	

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	-	243	low
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	-	10 to 2500	high
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	-	2.96	low
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	-	2.5 to 5.8	low
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	-	161	low
Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate	-	15600	high

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact.
	cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IATA	IMDG
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	3
Packing group	Ш	Ш	111	Ш	111
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Date of issue/Date of rev 225A108 Rust Almo	Stop Indoor/Outdoor Oil Bas		issue : 3/29/201		on : 3 13/15 I-85-NA-GHS-US

Additional	This product may	Product classified	-	-	Emergency
information	be re-classified as "Combustible Liquid," unless transported by vessel or aircraft. Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as hazardous materials.	as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2. 18-2.19 (Class 3).			<u>schedules</u> F-E, S E
	ERG No.	ERG No.	ERG No.		
	128	128	128		
Special precaut	ions for user : Multi- consi mode suital prior respo unloa	128 modal shipping descr der container sizes. T of transport (sea, air bly for that mode of tra to shipment, and com nsibility of the person ding dangerous good ances and on all actio	128 iptions are provided he presence of a sh , etc.), does not indic ansport. All packagir pliance with the app offering the product s must be trained or	ipping description for cate that the producing must be reviewed licable regulations is t for transport. Peop n all of the risks derive	or a particular It is packaged I for suitability I for sole Ite loading and
Special precaut Transport in bul to Annex II of M/ the IBC Code	ions for user : Multi- consi mode suital prior respo unloa subst k according : Not av ARPOL and	modal shipping descr der container sizes. T of transport (sea, air bly for that mode of tra to shipment, and com nsibility of the person ding dangerous good ances and on all action ailable.	128 iptions are provided he presence of a sh , etc.), does not india ansport. All packagir pliance with the app offering the product s must be trained or ons in case of emerg	ipping description for cate that the producing must be reviewed licable regulations is t for transport. Peop n all of the risks derive	or a particular It is packaged I for suitability Is the sole Ile loading and
Transport in bul to Annex II of M/	ions for user : Multi- consi mode suital prior respo unloa subst k according : Not av ARPOL and	modal shipping descr der container sizes. T of transport (sea, air bly for that mode of tra to shipment, and com nsibility of the person ding dangerous good ances and on all action ailable.	128 iptions are provided he presence of a sh , etc.), does not indic ansport. All packagir pliance with the app offering the product s must be trained or	ipping description for cate that the producing must be reviewed licable regulations is t for transport. Peop n all of the risks derive	or a particular It is packaged I for suitability Is the sole Ile loading and

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 313

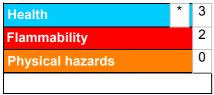
SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Section 16. Other information

	Justification					
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - C	On basis of test data					
SKIN SENSITIZATION - C	Calculation method					
CARCINOGENICITY - Ca	Calculation method					
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTI	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2					
	ON (Unborn child) - Category 2	Calculation method				
	AN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract	Calculation method				
irritation) - Category 3						
Category 3						
	AN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2	Calculation method				
<u>History</u>						
Date of printing	: 5/25/2018					
Date of issue/Date of	: 5/25/2018					
revision						
Date of previous issue	: 3/29/2018					
Version	: 3					
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container	and Labelling of Chemicals				

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

UN = United Nations

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by Sherwin-Williams, including but not limited to the incorporation of non Sherwin-Williams products or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by Sherwin-Williams. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.