



# Material Safety Data Sheet

## Section 1: Product & Company Identification

**Product Name:** Ice-Off® Windshield Spray De-Icer

**Product Number (s):** 05346

**Manufactured By:**

CRC Industries, Inc.  
885 Louis Drive  
Warminster, PA 18974  
[www.crcindustries.com](http://www.crcindustries.com)

General Information	(215) 674-4300
Technical Assistance	(800) 521-3168
Customer Service	(800) 272-4620
24-Hr Emergency (CHEMTREC)	(800) 424-9300

## Section 2: Hazards Identification

### Emergency Overview

Appearance & Odor: Colorless liquid, characteristic pungent odor

### DANGER

POISON. Flammable. Vapor Harmful. May be Fatal or Cause Blindness if Swallowed.  
Contents Under Pressure.

As defined by OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard, this product is hazardous.

### Potential Health Effects:

**EYE:** May cause mild irritation. Symptoms include stinging, tearing, and redness.

**SKIN:** May cause mild skin irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry the skin. Symptoms may include redness, burning, drying and cracking of skin, and skin burns. Passage of this material into the body through the skin is possible, and may add to toxic effects from breathing or swallowing.

**INHALATION:** Breathing small amounts of this material during normal handling is not likely to cause harmful effects. Breathing large amounts may be harmful, and may cause irritation of airways, dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, and vomiting.

**INGESTION:** Swallowing this material may be harmful. Symptoms may include nausea, vomiting, dizziness, leg cramps, pain in the abdomen or lower back, blurred vision, shortness of breath, visual impairment (including blindness), coma, and death.

**CHRONIC EFFECTS:** Overexposure to this material may cause liver abnormalities, central nervous system damage, and visual impairment.

**TARGET ORGANS:** Liver, kidneys, pancreas, heart, lungs, and brain

**Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure:** Preexisting disorders of the following organs: Skin, lung, liver, kidney, central nervous system, pancreas, and heart.

See Section 11 for toxicology and carcinogenicity information on product ingredients.

**Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients**

COMPONENT	CAS NUMBER	% by Wt.
Methanol	67-56-1	85 - 95
Water	7732-18-5	3 - 8
Propylene glycol	57-55-6	< 1
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	5 - 10

**Section 4: First Aid Measures**

**Eye Contact:** Immediately flush with plenty of water for 15 minutes. Call a physician if irritation persists.

**Skin Contact:** Remove contaminated clothing and wash affected area with soap and water. Call a physician if irritation persists. Wash contaminated clothing prior to re-use.

**Inhalation:** Remove person to fresh air. Keep person calm. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult give oxygen. Call a physician.

**Ingestion:** Seek medical attention. If individual is drowsy or unconscious, do not give anything by mouth; place individual on the left side with the head down. Contact a physician, medical facility, or poison control center for advice about whether to induce vomiting. If possible, do not leave individual unattended.

*Note to Physicians:* Methanol is metabolized to formic acid and formaldehyde. These metabolites can cause metabolic acidosis, visual disturbances and blindness. Since metabolism is required for these toxic symptoms, their onset may be delayed from 6 to 30 hours following ingestion. Ethanol competes for the same metabolic pathway and has been used to prevent methanol metabolism. Ethanol administration is indicated in symptomatic patients or at blood methanol concentrations above 20 ug/dl. Methanol is effectively removed by hemodialysis. Fomepizole (4-methylpyrazole) is an effective antagonist of alcohol dehydrogenase, and may be used as an antidote in the treatment of methanol poisoning.

**Section 5: Fire-Fighting Measures**

Flammable Properties: This product is flammable in accordance with aerosol flammability definitions (16 CFR 1500.3(c)(6) ).

Flash Point:	54 °F (TCC)	Upper Explosive Limit:	36
Autoignition Temperature:	725 °F	Lower Explosive Limit:	7.3

**Suitable Extinguishing Media:** Dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO2)

**Products of Combustion:** Carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide.

**Protection of Fire-Fighters:** Firefighters should wear self-contained, NIOSH-approved breathing apparatus for protection against suffocation and possible toxic decomposition products. Proper eye and skin protection should be provided. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool and to knock down vapors which may result from product decomposition.

**Section 6: Accidental Release Measures**

Personal Precautions: Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.

Environmental Precautions: Take precautions to prevent contamination of ground and surface waters. Do not flush into sewers or storm drains. If run-off occurs, notify the proper authorities as required, that a spill has occurred.

Methods for Containment & Clean-up: Eliminate all ignition sources. Dike area to contain spill. Ventilate the area with fresh air. If in confined space or limited air circulation area, clean-up workers should wear appropriate respiratory protection. Recover or absorb spilled material using an absorbent designed for chemical spills. Place used absorbents into proper waste containers.

**Section 7: Handling and Storage**

Handling Procedures: Since emptied containers retain product residues (vapor, liquid, and/or solid), all hazard precautions given in the data sheet must be observed. Static ignition hazard can result from handling and use.

Storage Procedures: Store in a cool dry area out of direct sunlight. Aerosol cans must be maintained below 120 F to prevent cans from rupturing.

Aerosol Storage Level: III

**Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection**

Exposure Guidelines:

COMPONENT	OSHA		ACGIH		OTHER		UNIT
	TWA	STEL	TWA	STEL	TWA	SOURCE	
Methanol	200	NE	200 (s)	250 (s)	NE	NE	ppm
Water	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE		
Propylene glycol	NE	NE	NE	NE	10	AIHA	mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Carbon dioxide	5000	30000(v)	5000	30000	NE		ppm
N.E. – Not Established      (c) – ceiling      (s) – skin      (v) – vacated							

Engineering Controls: Area should have ventilation to provide fresh air. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at the source, preventing dispersion into the general work area. Use mechanical means if necessary to maintain vapor levels below the exposure guidelines. If working in a confined space, follow applicable OSHA regulations.

Respiratory Protection: None required for normal work where adequate ventilation is provided. If engineering controls are not feasible or if exposure exceeds the applicable exposure limits, use a NIOSH-approved cartridge respirator with organic vapor cartridge. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus in confined spaces and for emergencies.

Eye/face Protection: For normal conditions, wear safety glasses. Where there is reasonable probability of liquid contact, wear splash-proof goggles.

Skin Protection: Use protective gloves such as nitrile or natural rubber. Also, use full protective clothing if there is prolonged or repeated contact of liquid with skin.

### Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Liquid  
 Color: Colorless  
 Odor: Characteristic pungent odor  
 Specific Gravity: 0.809  
 Initial Boiling Point: 148.5 °F  
 Freezing Point: ND  
 Vapor Pressure: 16.93 kPa @ 77 °F  
 Vapor Density: 1.1 (air = 1)  
 Evaporation Rate: 2.1 (butyl acetate = 1)  
 Solubility: Completely soluble in water  
 pH: NA  
 Volatile Organic Compounds: wt %: 87.8      g/L: 710.3      lbs./gal: 5.92

### Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

Stability: Stable  
 Conditions to Avoid: Sources of ignition.  
 Incompatible Materials: Hypochlorites, peroxides, reactive metals such as aluminum and magnesium, sodium, strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizing agents, zinc  
 Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide  
 Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: No

### Section 11: Toxicological Information

Long-term toxicological studies have not been conducted for this product. The following information is available for components of this product.

#### ACUTE EFFECTS

<u>Component</u>	<u>Test</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>Route</u>	<u>Species</u>
Methanol	LD50	5,045 mg/kg	Oral	Rat
Methanol	LD50	64,000 ppm/4h	Inhalation	Rat
Methanol	LD 50	12,800 mg/kg	Dermal	Rat

#### CHRONIC EFFECTS

Carcinogenicity:

	<u>Component</u>	<u>Result</u>
OSHA:	Not listed	
IARC:	Not listed	
NTP:	Not listed	

Other: None

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**Section 12: Ecological Information**

Ecological studies have not been conducted for this product. The following information is available for components of this product.

Ecotoxicity: No information available  
Persistence / Degradability: No information available  
Bioaccumulation / Accumulation: No information available  
Mobility in Environment: No information available

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**Section 13: Disposal Considerations**

Disposal: The dispensed liquid product is a RCRA hazardous waste for the characteristic of ignitability with the following potential waste codes: D001, U154. (See 40 CFR Part 261.20 – 261.33)  
Aerosol cans should be fully emptied and depressurized before disposal. Empty containers can be recycled.

All disposal activities must comply with federal, state and local regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than state or national requirements.

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**Section 14: Transport Information**

Proper shipping description:

US DOT (ground): Consumer Commodity, ORM-D

Special Provisions: None

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**Section 15: Regulatory Information**

**U.S. Federal**

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA):

All ingredients are either listed on the TSCA inventory or are exempt.

Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA):

Reportable Quantities (RQ's) exist for the following ingredients: Methanol (5000 lbs)

**Spills or releases resulting in the loss of any ingredient at or above its RQ require immediate notification to the National Response Center (800-424-8802) and to your Local Emergency Planning Committee.**

Superfund Amendments Reauthorization Act (SARA) Title III:

Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances (EHS): None

Section 311/312 Hazard Categories:

Fire Hazard	Yes
Reactive Hazard	No
Release of Pressure	No
Acute Health Hazard	Yes
Chronic Health Hazard	No

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals: This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372:  
Methanol (<88%)

Clean Air Act:

Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs): Methanol

**State Regulations**California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act (Prop 65):

This product may contain the following chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm: NONE

State Right to Know:

New Jersey: 67-56-1, 57-55-6, 124-38-9  
 Pennsylvania: 67-56-1, 57-55-6, 124-38-9  
 Massachusetts: 67-56-1, 57-55-6, 124-38-9  
 Rhode Island : 67-56-1, 57-55-6, 124-38-9

**Additional Regulatory Information:** None

**Section 16: Other Information**

NFPA:	Health: 1	Flammability: 3	Reactivity: 0	
HMIS:	Health: 1	Flammability: 3	Reactivity: 0	PPE: B

Prepared By: Michelle Rudnick  
 CRC #: 638  
 Revision Date: 10/16/2007

Changes since last revision: MSDS reformatted in accordance with ANSI Z400.1-2004

The information contained in this document applies to this specific material as supplied. It may not be valid for this material if it is used in combination with any other materials. This information is accurate to the best of CRC Industries' knowledge or obtained from sources believed by CRC to be accurate. Before using any product, read all warnings and directions on the label.

CAS:	Chemical Abstract Service	NA:	Not Applicable
ppm:	Parts per Million	ND:	Not Determined
TCC:	Tag Closed Cup	NE:	Not Established
PMCC:	Pensky-Martens Closed Cup	g/L:	grams per Liter
PPE:	Personal Protection Equipment	lbs./gal:	pounds per gallon
TWA:	Time Weighted Average	STEL:	Short Term Exposure Limit
OSHA:	Occupational Safety and Health Administration		
ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists		
NIOSH	National Institute of Occupational Safety & Health		